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# Creating a research rich environment for postgraduate education

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**Enabling Postgraduate Education  
Colloquium, Feb 2024**

# What is a research-rich environment for postgraduates ?

## The context for enabling postgraduate education

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### Institutional context

- ***Research intensive / other***
- The research culture
- The community
- The disciplines

### ***Resources***

### Expectations

- The student
- The supervisor
- The faculty
- The sponsors
- The public
  - Public awareness, information and trust
  - Transparency and openness to scrutiny

### ***Creating new knowledge***

### Academic excellence

Impact  
Contribution to society  
Transdisciplinarity  
Research integrity  
Collaboration  
Internationalisation  
Technology  
Future of work

### ***Preparing global citizens***



# The research environment for postgraduates

## The national context for postgraduate / doctoral training and supervision

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### Sector-wide approaches

- **Doctoral education as a national priority**, related to national aspirations to move into the 21<sup>st</sup> century knowledge and innovation era
- **The pathway** to doctoral enrolment

### Aspects of the ecosystem

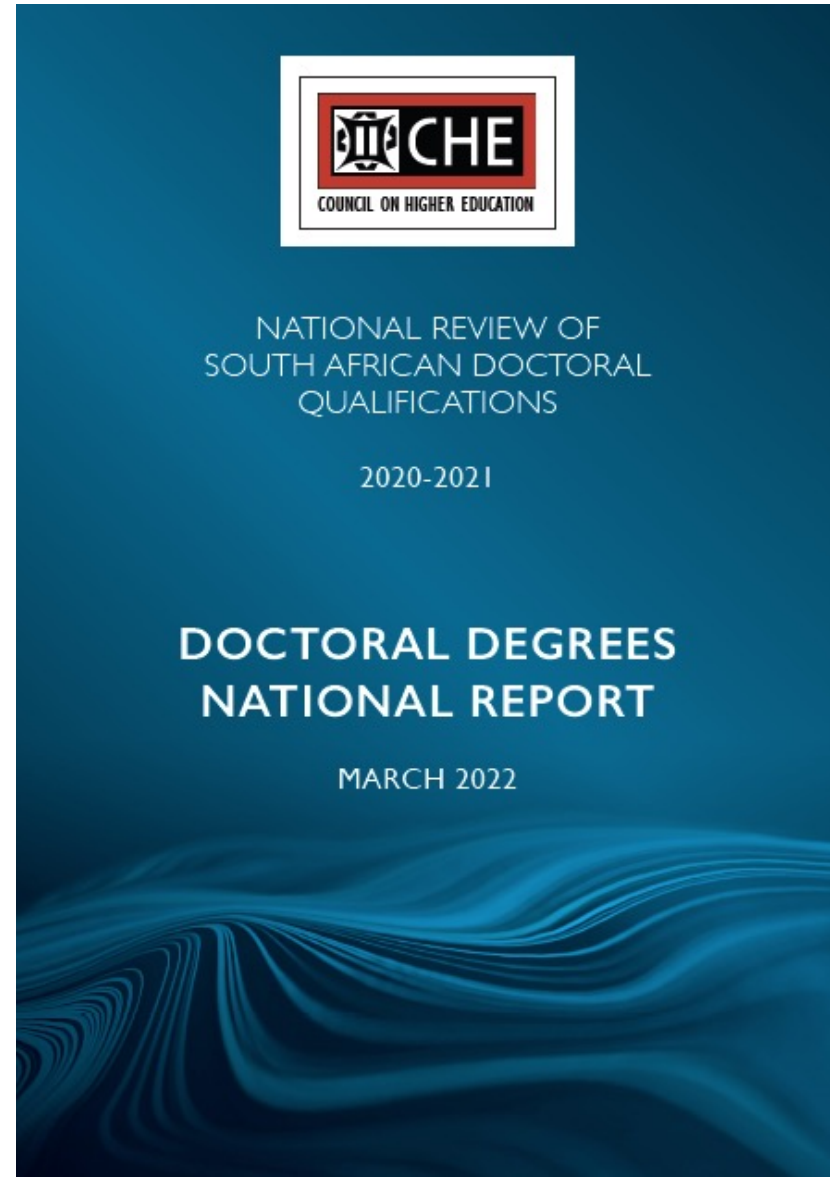
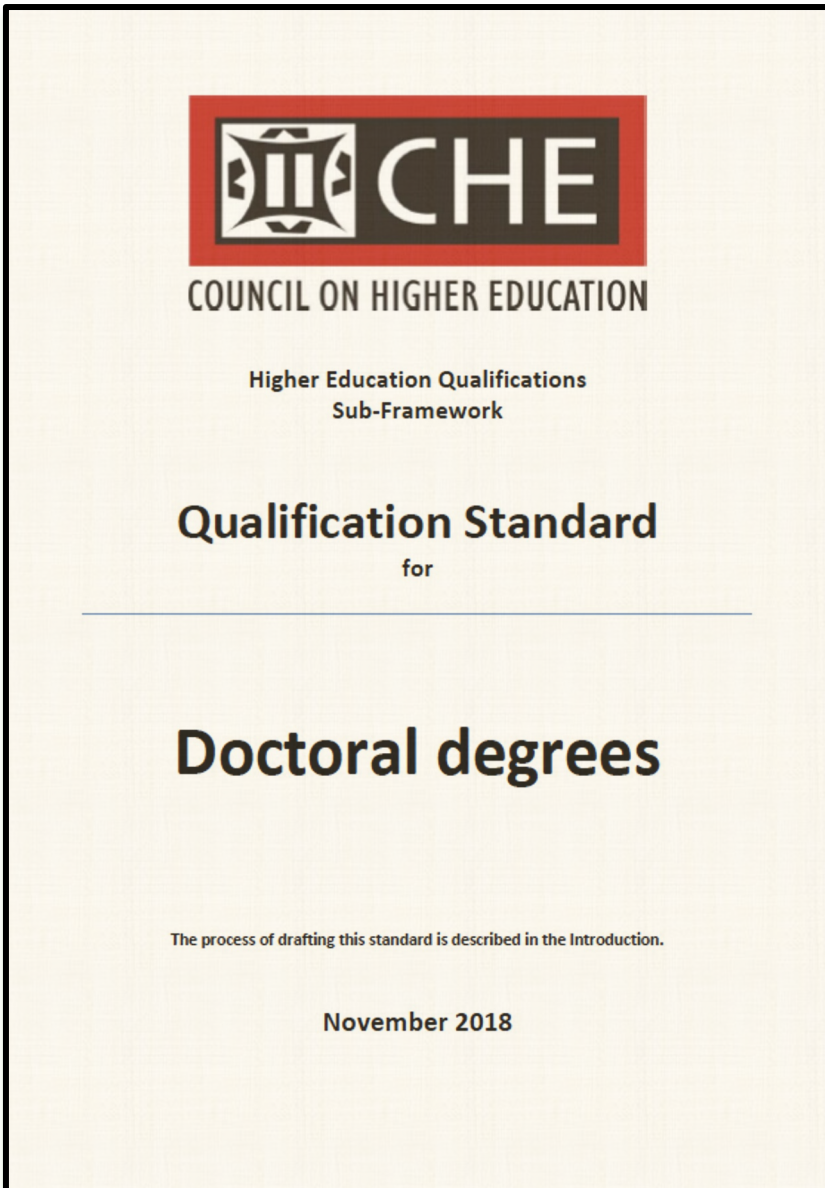
- ASSAf PhD survey
- Emerging Scholars study
- Internationalisation policy
- **CHE Doctoral Degrees Review** – Standard and quality assurance exercise.

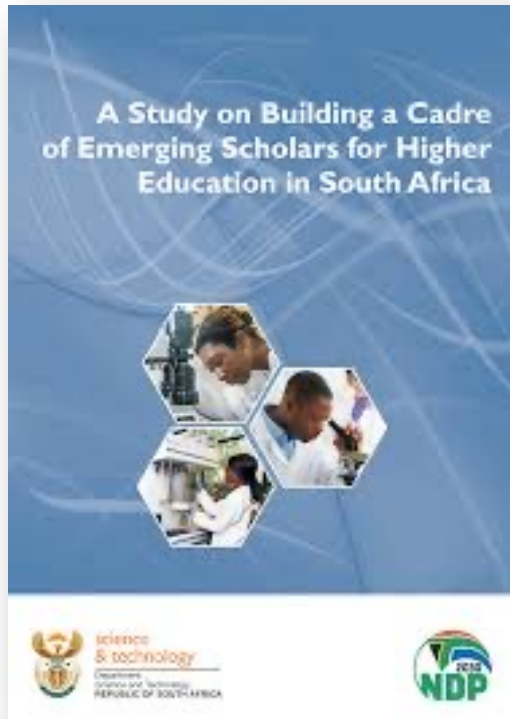
**DHET Staffing SA Universities Framework** – identified issues relevant to increasing the number of doctoral graduates (to address an aging professoriate)

- Inequality of demographic representation among existing staff
- Unequal and/or unfavourable staff:student ratios
- *Low throughput rates*
- *Qualifications and expertise of existing staff*
- A growing but still inadequate postgraduate pipeline.



# CHE Doctoral Degrees Review





- ‘Implementing the Outcomes of a Study on Building a Cadre of Emerging Scholars for Higher Education in South Africa’ project
  - report recommendations led to
- **Advancing Early Career Researchers And Scholars (AECRS) Programme** established by **USAf** in 2020 to implement recommendations
- The AECRS programme has introduced four interventions - to be completed during 2024/5

# Measures of postgraduate success

## The national context for postgraduate education

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### Research-intensive universities -

#### Indicators of research intensity

- Proportion of postgraduates: total number of students
- Number of PhD graduates per year
- Number of staff with PhDs
- Academic reputation in the international rankings

### Postgraduate access and success

#### Indicators of success

- Graduation rate - the % of enrolled students completing in recommended time
- Completion time - the time it takes to complete the degree

We also need to ask -

- *Quality ??*
- *Employability ??*
- *The in-depth learning experience ??*

# The purpose of a doctoral degree

The purpose of studies towards the Doctoral degree is

- *to develop the highest level of systematic understanding, and stewardship, of a field of study through **an original, innovative contribution that advances the frontiers of knowledge.***
- advance the frontiers of professional practice or/and creative activity
- mastery of appropriate research methods and skills, and pursuit of knowledge, that characterise the disciplinary, professional or inter-disciplinary discourse
- demonstration of the ability to engage in an extended course of research, showing thematic and conceptual coherence.
- *The defining characteristic of this qualification is that **the candidate is required to demonstrate high level research capability and to make a significant and original academic contribution at the frontiers of a discipline or field***

\* CHE Standard for Doctoral Degrees





# What is considered in assessing quality in the Doctoral degree:

## The quality of:

- the **candidate** at entry level
- the **doctoral programme** (including standards for acceptance of the research proposal and progress monitoring)
- the **supervisor** (qualifications and experience), and the supervisory process
- the **doctoral graduate at exit level** (including graduate attributes, employability)
- the **thesis** (quality of examiners and their reports)
- in the case of professional doctorates, assessment of **coursework** components
- any **outputs** for the PhD (eg., journal articles)
  
- *Do we ask the candidates...?*

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# Research environments in universities...

## Research intensive:

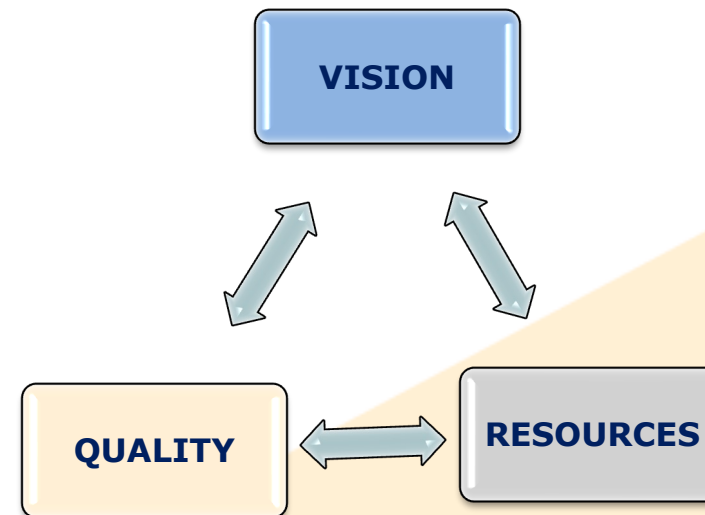
- A strong, recognisable University research culture
- A University-wide academic and postgraduate research community
- Research that is creative and innovative, contributing to diversity and sustainability

## Excellence:

- High impact, game-changing research
- International recognition
- Institutional reputation
- Leading scholars, leading institutes
- Most talented students
- Attracting donor funding
- .....

## How to develop research intensity?

- Ambition
- Research strengths
- Academic community
- Resources
- Facilities
- Partners
- ...



# Context from the students' point of view

## Context:

- Diversity, preparedness, background of students
- Greater supervision requirements
- More taught components and integrated programmes
- Part time study (60% in SA)
- Preparation for work other than academic careers

## Requirements

- Study independently
- Plan and conduct the research project
- Communicate the research results
- ...

*Quality is an issue frequently raised but rarely addressed directly*

*The public sees reports of fake degrees, and institutions see an increasing number of theses returned for revision and further examination*



# What postgrads need to learn to do:

- **Study independently**
- **Plan and conduct a research project**
- **Communicate the research results**
  - Thesis
  - Research papers
  - Presentations

## Plan a career path

Seek out mentorship – establish a  
'brains trust'

Become known in the international  
network

## Establish and maintain a publication record

- Start early
- Keep the pipeline going

## Learn to write – writing is a craft

- It is the essence of the knowledge society and the core of academic practice

## Learn from the literature

## Be part of a team of collaborators

- Work together
- Dream up ideas together
- Write together



# Challenges in postgraduate education

- Completion times
- Graduation rates
- Funding
  
- Supervision capacity
- Preparedness of students
- Student issues:
  - Poor planning and management
  - Methodological problems
  - Writing up
  - Isolation
  - Personal problems
  
- *Supervisory relationships - How do we manage?*
- *Processes and progress - How do we monitor?*

## Completion time -

### An efficiency measure

- Student success – time taken to complete the degree and graduate
- DHET Subsidy income
- Use of supervisory capacity

### Recommended completion times:

- Honours 1 year
- Masters 2 years
- Doctoral 3 – 4 years



# Why some postgraduate students do not complete

- Survey on why some postgraduate students do not complete
  - (UP) and also Doctoral Degrees Review reports
- Reasons contributing to not completing:
  - Supervision (time, attention, changes)
  - Funding (bursaries and research costs)
  - Unpreparedness (need for training or research)
  
  - Accommodation close to campus
  - Employment prospects
  - Workload and/or expectations
  - Administrative support
  - Personal issues
  - ...



# What do postgraduate students need?

## Training and supervision | Networking | Mentoring

### Supervision

- Identified needs - **improved supervisor training and mentorship for academics.**
- Insufficient **capacity for training of supervisors**, and **limited internal capacity to supervise** postgraduate research-based programmes.
- Concerns about **the quality of the supervision**, and about **stress** experienced by supervisors and postgraduate students.
- A need for **development of institutional capacity** as opposed to reliance on other collaborating or supporting institutions

### Mentorship

- There is **a need for experienced mentors** (who can be from outside of the institution) **for supervisors and students**
- with expertise in specific fields as well as for general guidance.
- There may be issues regarding institutional culture and power dynamics, in internal mentorship programmes.
- A shortage of black South African mentors

### Networking

- **To enable collaboration and to support academic development**



# Postgraduate supervision capacity

*Adequate, high quality supervisory capacity is a draw-card for prospective students*

*Increased enrollment of postgraduate students requires an increase in the amount of supervision required*

- **Increasing the number of supervisors available**

- nGAP and emerging academics
- Early Career Researcher Programme
- Staff with doctorates

- **“Smarter” ways of providing supervision**

- cohort supervision
- use of online platforms, international collaborations

- **The supervisory workload of academic staff members needs to be closely monitored and managed.**





# Enabling postgraduate education – approaches for student success

## A conducive academic environment

- Address completion times – scope and expectations
- Strengthen supervisory capacity
  - staff with doctoral degrees
  - supervision skills training, focus on good supervision practice
  - monitoring system

## Plan for effective recruitment

- link into the University's areas of research excellence
- support student choices

## Recognise postgraduates as emerging scholars

- part of the academic community of scholars
- position within the research activity of the University and linked to research strengths
- fostering intellectual development



# Interventions to support postgraduate student success

## Taking a student-centred approach, what is required:

- **Building the capabilities that a postgraduate needs**
  - independent learning, critical thinking
  - research planning and management
  - academic writing
  - Inter and transdisciplinary approaches
- **Providing comprehensive, flexible, student-centred support**
  - Informed study choices
  - development of the necessary research skills
  - ensuring student progress through critical milestones
  - Inclusive environment and atmosphere



# What else do postgraduates need?

## Academic support programmes

- **Orientation programme:**  
postgraduate life cycle, milestones, processes, regulations, expectations...
- **2. Support activities offered throughout the year**
- **Programme of seminars, workshops, tutorials, training**
- **Consultation**
- **Counseling** – help with problems as they arise (and before they can't be fixed)

## Advisory help

- **Direction** with respect to access to departments and supervisors
- Advice and **assistance** in accessing funding
- **Training on academic issues**
  - eg. academic practice, ethics, intellectual property
  - Academic writing skills - broadly
- **Facilitation of inter-disciplinary interactions**
- Induction seminars and orientation

## Facilities to promote success

- **Online research preparation** for early stages of postgraduate study
- **Dedicated postgraduate support centres** (GSH, Library services, Faculties)
- **Graduate research monitoring**
- **WiFi access, computing, learning devices**
- **Research facilities**
- **Language training**
- **Disciplinary issues**
- **Assistance with housing**
- **Graduate placement**



# Internationalisation opportunities for postgraduates

- **Mobility and exchange** for doctoral / postgraduate students
- **Summer schools and workshops** – aligned with conferences and study programmes
- **Joint supervision and joint programmes**
  
- **Access to training, development and supporting infrastructure**
- **Access to physical infrastructure and international research facilities**
- **Access to data**
  
- **Sharing expertise and experiences** on the research support side – researcher development, research management
- ***Developing Global citizens***



## Postgraduate centres...

*Some one needs to wake up every morning and worry about our postgraduates...*

**A postgraduate centre can add value** through:

- wide cross-faculty interdisciplinary interaction
- broad external outreach
- heightened profile and reputation
  
- Monitor and improve quality of postgraduate training and supervision
- Improve throughput rates through effective monitoring and guidance
- Enrich and improve the experience of postgraduate training at UP
- Coordinate and smooth administrative processes
- Increase the size of the postgraduate cohort through more effective recruitment



# Funding Funding Funding...

- **National (NRF) funding**
  - budget cuts
  - Focus on financially needy
  - Increased bursary levels, fewer bursaries
- **Mobility and exchange can be costly** – mutual/reciprocal approaches will help
- Co-supervision (and joint programmes) need developed relationships and require time, resources
- **Framing opportunities to meet strategic priorities of funders** can leverage resources

## University Bursary plans ...

- Increase levels of **Awards for Honours** students, to address the pipeline for enrolments into Masters and doctoral studies
- Increase **Masters and doctoral bursaries**
- Differentiate M(research) and M(c/w) and prioritise?

Use available funding in **priority areas**

\* CoP PGES Working Group on postgraduate funding



## Some specific needs and opportunities

Universities around the world face ‘**a lost generation of researchers**’ unless careful thought is given now to supporting early career academics through the storm created by the COVID-19 pandemic “

(S. Baker, THE, June 2020)

- We are still working online for much of the time...
- Three areas of support that may be neglected - **mentoring, ethics training, and science communication.**
- New ways of addressing them, using post-pandemic approaches are needed
- Such programmes need to be effective in ensuring that **students develop the depth of understanding that will enable them to conduct their studies and careers with integrity.**





# Mentorship

“Find a mentor who has a title similar to the one you would like to have one day”

## Mentorship:

- Support through interaction with experienced mentors.
- interactions between individual mentor/mentee or mentor/mentees through informal discussion
- practical advice and guidance, based on experience, enabling mentees to achieve their objectives more rapidly
- assist students in **gaining confidence** by being available to offer **encouragement and emotional support** as required.

## Students:

- - Different reality, new work
- Isolation and anxiety
- Future roles
- Making progress
- Trust in tough times

## Mentors:

- Guidance and wisdom
- Stability
- Experience
- A listening ear
- Can be online

## What is the difference between mentoring and supervising?

- the Supervisor is a specialist in the relevant field and is close to the research
- the Mentor may be in a different field and can offer broad guidance and counsel



# Ethics and research integrity

The purpose of ethics training – **more than ethics approvals** :

- to ensure that students become aware of the **need for ethical practices in research and science broadly**
- that they **become conversant with the necessary practical aspects of ethical research.**
- Include **broad and philosophical aspects of Ethics**, and
- Understand **what is research integrity?**
- **Information sessions** to ensure that trainees were informed of **requirements regarding:**
  - ethics approval prior to research project initiation; research data management;
  - confidentiality of data; and
  - national and international regulations.



# Science communication

Science communication training programmes

- To enable students to **learn to disseminate and explain their science**
- **Complex concepts and information translated and made accessible** to the **broader public, including policymakers**, who can use it for evidence-based decision-making.
- Learn to address the problems of **fake news and misinformation**, and **assist the general public to make rational decisions** in their personal lives.
- **Make evidence-based information available** to increase the understanding of **different communities**



# Research data management

- **Managing research data to advantage**

- Smart repositories
- Use of AIs
- Enabling discovery and accelerating new knowledge
- Ensuring compliance
- Optimising use of data
- Linkage to partners
- **Ensuring visibility, making our research discoverable**

- **Research integrity**

- Public expectation
- **Public trust**
- Ethical use of data
- Digital trust
- **Cybersecurity**

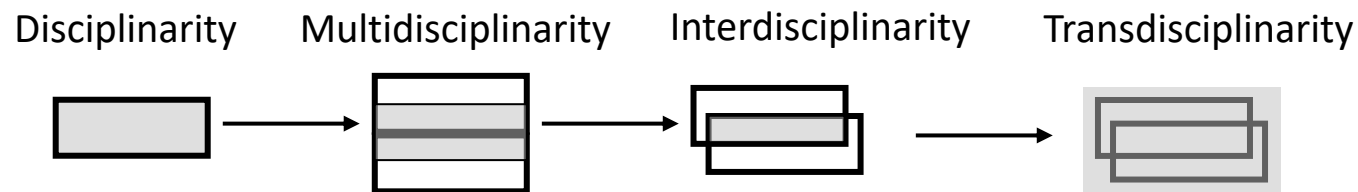


## And also... Transdisciplinary research

- A collaborative journey of exploration and discovery about real and relevant issues, bringing together academic and non-academic partners, from different disciplines, integrating diverse perspectives, to achieve meaningful outcomes
  - *has changed how we collaborate*
  - *can change where we publish*
  - *will draw more citations*
  - *leads to a broader scope of influence – publishing, policy...*
  - *should change how we educate*

### How should we be training students?

- Transportable skills and methodologies
- Communication across boundaries
- Embracing complexity
- Dealing uncomfortable ideas
- Valuing all perspectives
- Addressing societal issues



# Artificial intelligence - Technologies that will change research, and can change lives

## New AIs

- can work through very large data sets
- find trends and patterns in ways which were not possible before

## New LLMs are fast and can assist with research

- through information processing
  - manipulating text, summarising
  - changing style
  - making corrections to grammar
  - searching for information.
- Finding relevant literature, conducting literature reviews,
  - Generating research questions
  - Data analysis
  - Writing
  - Generating new hypotheses, and providing analysis of content in papers

## The information space

1. There will be **self regulating oversight** of AI and machine learning designers
2. World news and video content will be authenticated as real by blockchain, **countering fake news**
3. Individual activities will be tracked digitally by an '**Internet of Behaviour**' to influence benefit and service eligibility

# The concerns about AIs, and what is needed

## Postgrad students must learn to navigate a fine line

- leveraging AI tools for efficiency, and
- maintaining the authenticity of their intellectual contributions.

## Practically:

### Our students still need to learn to write

- To construct reasoning and arguments
- To understand that cheating and plagiarism are not acceptable.

**AIs cannot replace teachers, or supervisors, or mentors, and the need to test truth and logic will need to remain human activities**

## We need:

- New **guidelines** for publishing in journals and theses, where acknowledgement of the assistance of AIs is included
- To clarify and **define what constitutes original new knowledge** and innovation
- **Ethical frameworks** that take into account respect for research and intellectual integrity
- **Plagiarism detection systems**, adapted to account for AI-generated content - will need to become more sophisticated
- **Protocols established to verify the authenticity** of AI-generated data



## Developing sector capacity

- **A forum focussing on postgraduate education -**
  - **a community of scholarship and practice** to support supervisors and to **sustain the sector in terms of postgraduate supervision quality and expertise.**
- Sharing of skills and practices:
  - **interaction between peers**
  - for **seminars and conferences** focussing on all aspects of postgraduate education
- Should also address:
  - **holistic approaches** to academic capacity development related to postgraduate education
  - **Advocating** for matters relating to postgraduate education
  - **Coordinated national activities**
    - Conferences, colloquia
    - Shared training resources



# The USAf Community of Practice for Postgraduate Education and Scholarship



Community of Practice for Postgraduate Education and Scholarship

- A forum for sharing of best practice
- A strategic think tank
- A lobby to advocate for matters relating to postgraduate education
- Coordination of national activities focussing on postgraduate training and capacity development
- A national platform for discussion, interaction and recommendations
- Collation of information from participating universities
- Facilitation of cooperation and collaboration.





# ADVANCING ACADEMICS

Advancing Early Career Researchers and Scholars



A project to develop an effective system for **monitoring** the impact of academic support interventions

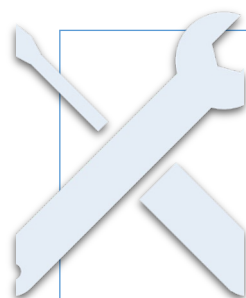


A nationally coordinated **mentorship resource platform**

**Thuso Connect**



A **national strategy group** focussing on postgraduate education = **CoP PGES**



An academic capacity development resource database – a **'national toolbox'**

**Thuso Resources**

**CoPPGES**

Community of Practice for Postgraduate Education and Scholarship



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**thuso**connect

<https://thusoconnect.mywisdomshare.com/>



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